

Also  $X$  in  $[0, \frac{\pi}{2}]$  gleichverteilt.

Suche Verteilung von  $Y := c \cdot \sin 2X$ .

$T: \alpha \mapsto \sin 2\alpha$  ist  $\nearrow$  in  $[0, \frac{\pi}{4}]$ ,  $\searrow$  in  $[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{\pi}{2}]$

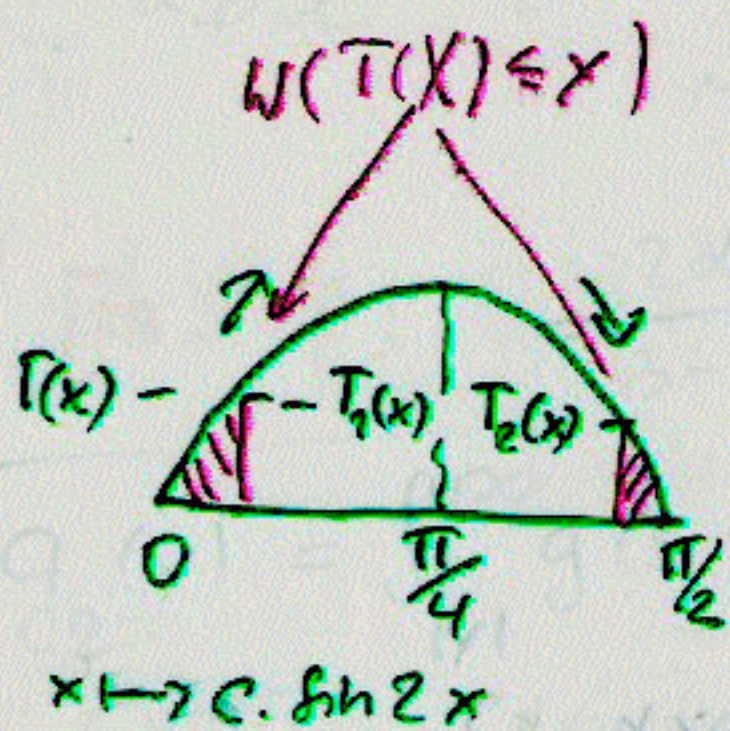
$$h_1(y) = \frac{1}{2} \arcsin \frac{y}{c}, \quad h_2(y) = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \arcsin \frac{y}{c}$$

$$\left| \frac{dh_1(y)}{dy} \right| = \left| \frac{dh_2(y)}{dy} \right| = \frac{1}{2c \sqrt{1 - (y/c)^2}}$$

Einsatz:  $f_X(x) = \frac{2}{\pi} \mathbb{1}_{[0, \pi/2]}^{(x)}$  liefert

$$f_Y(y) = \frac{1}{c\pi} \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (y/c)^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (y/c)^2}} \right] \mathbb{1}_{[0, c]}^{(y)}$$

$$[c \sin 2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} = c = \max.] \quad \left| = \frac{2}{c\pi} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (y/c)^2}} \mathbb{1}_{[0, c]}^{(y)} \right.$$



! Keine Gleichverteilung auf  $[0, c]$  !